## Glenrothes



Bottling according to vintage, like they do in the wine business, is a rare bird in the whisky world.

The first distillery who introduced it, and one of just

two that practice it, was Glenrothes and now they have decided to abandon the procedure.

Actually, Glenrothes single malt hasn't been available as an official bottling for that long. It was launched in 1987 as a 12 year old. Seven years later, the brand owners at the time, Berry Brothers, made the bold step to start releasing vintages. The only other distillery that followed suit a few years later was Balblair. Bottling by vintage definitely made Glenrothes stand out but in 2008, the owners decided to complement the range by releasing expressions without vintage. The first one was Robur Reserve and this was followed by other bottlings. In 2017, Edrington reclaimed ownership of the brand after seven years with Berry Brothers at the helm. One year later, the new owners declared that vintages are now a thing of the past and a new range with age statements was launched in September 2018.

Glenrothes distillery is equipped with a 5.5 ton stainless steel full lauter mash tun. Twelve washbacks made of Oregon pine are in one room, whilst an adjacent tun room houses eight stainless steel washbacks – all of them with a 58 hour fermentation time. The magnificent still house has five pairs of stills performing a very slow distillation. In 2018, the distillery will be doing 44 mashes per week, producing just over 4 million litres of alcohol.

All the old expressions in the core range have disappeared and the same goes for the vintages. They have been replaced by Soleo Collection which is based on whiskies that have matured 100% in sherry casks. The range consists of 10 year old, 12 year old, Whisky Maker's Cut, 18 year old and 25 year old. There is also a second range in the pipeline called Aqua Collection which will be sold on-line. The current duty free range will continue until September 2019; Robur Reserve, Manse Reserve, Elder's Reserve, Minister's Reserve and the 25 year old Ancestor's Reserve.

THE GLENROTHES

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## [glen•roth•iss]

Owner: Region/district: The Edrington Group Speyside

(the brand is owned by Berry Bros)

**Founded:** Status: Capacity: 1878 Active 5 600 000 litres

Address: Rothes, Morayshire AB38 7AA

Website: Tel:

theglenrothes.com 01340 872300

#### History:

- 1878 James Stuart & Co. begins planning the new distillery with Robert Dick, William Grant and John Cruickshank as partners.
- 1879 Production starts in December.
- 1884 The distillery changes name to Glenrothes-Glenlivet
- 1887 William Grant & Co. joins forces with Islay Distillery Co. and forms Highland Distillers Company.
- 1897 A fire ravages the distillery.
- 1903 An explosion causes substantial damage.
- 1963 Expansion from four to six stills.
- 1980 Expansion from six to eight stills.
- 1989 Expansion from eight to ten stills.
- 1999 Edrington and William Grant & Sons buy Highland Distillers.
- 2002 Four single casks from 1966/1967 are launched.
- 2005 A 30 year old is launched together with Select Reserve and Vintage 1985.
- 2008 1978 Vintage and Robur Reserve are launched.
- 2009 The Glenrothes John Ramsay, Alba Reserve and Three Decades are released.
- 2010 Berry Brothers takes over the brand.
- 2011 Editor's Casks are released.
- 2013 2001 Vintage and the Manse Brae range are released.
- 2014 Sherry Cask Reserve and 1969 Extraordinary Cask are released.
- 2015 Glenrothes Vintage Single Malt is released.
- 2016 Peated Cask Reserve and Ancestor's Reserve are released
- 2017 The brand returns to Edrington and The Glenrothes Wine Merchant's Collection is introduced.
  - 2018 The entire range is revamped and four new bottlings with age statements are introduced.

#### Tasting notes Glenrothes Soleo 12 year old:

IR – Fresh and fruity on the nose with notes of strawberries/raspberries and a hint of cinnamon. The taste if fruity and spicy with notes of pear, cinnamon, nutmeg, lemon zest and, in the finish, brown sugar and a little ginger.



# Your CV includes job titles such as bartender, writer, barista, whisky ambassador, spirits consultant etc. What is the common denominator here?

I guess the link between everything I do is flavour. I'm fascinated by taste and flavour and every time my career has shifted in direction it has been thanks to my own curiosities that surround flavour — how we experience it, how we manipulate it, and how we communicate it.

There are such strong links between the industries I have been involved in from both a flavour and science perspective. The way a steak cooks on a barbecue has links to how a coffee bean roasts, how peat reek is produced and why direct-fired stills produce a different style of new make spirit. I've found that a broader understanding of mechanisms such as these has given me a finer appreciation of their effects on a finished product.

# You were the co-founder of Fluid Movement, an attempt to challenge the stuffines of the on-trade business. One of the ways was the opening of Black Rock bar in London. What distinguishes that bar from others?

The aim of Black Rock was to do away with the dogma that many people see when they think about whisky. We wanted to democratise whisky and create a space that was accepting of new initiates and afficionados alike. At virtually every turn during the design stages we challenged ourselves to think of the first principles of enjoying a glass of whisky, and then attempted to weave that in to the fabric of the bar.

We have filtered running water taps on every table; the mood and lighting of the bar are more akin to a hip-hop club than a 'traditional' whisky bar; and the whole room is dominated by a 5 ton English oak tree trunk that seats up to 20 people and houses two cocktail maturation channels that sit within the table itself.

But perhaps the most important thing about Black Rock is our commitment to demystifying whisky flavour. We believe that flamboyant language has its place in the category, but for many people, simplicity is the key to appreciation. All of our whiskies in Black Rock are organised by flavour, each sitting in one of six cabinets: smoke, fruit, fragrance, balance, sweet and spicy. Whiskies that sit higher in the cabinet are lighter in style and whiskies that sit lower in the cabinet are heavier. This allows guests to select a product based entirely on it flavour profile rather than by its country of origin or region, which in these days of increased variety and innovation, often means very little in the context of flavour.

## After that you launched Whisky Me. What is that and what made you do it?

Whisky Me was less an idea than it was the next obvious step down this pathway of malt whisky demystification (I might yet claim the word 'dewhyskification'/dewhiskyfication'!) by getting good quality product in to the hands of those who want to learn more but feel the category is too elitist (and too expensive) to gain a foot holding.

Convenience culture will become a growing trend in alcohol over the next few years. We are seeing it already in deliveries-to-your-



### The whisky industry is often talking about how to reach the Millenials or Generation Y or whatever you wan't to call them. In your opinion, what's the best way of getting the young generation interested in whisky?

far as it doesn't conform to what you might consider 'traditional'

to let the liquid do the talking, which is as it should be.

malt whisky packaging and it is designed to be that way. We prefer

I think the best way to engage with any demographic is to speak their language without patronising. Millenials and Gen Y seek value and provenance in the products they buy. Provenance isn't a problem where whisky is concerned, but value is trickier. That's because value is contingent on balancing price with appreciation. If you don't appreciate a product you will never find value in it. That's why the education piece is so important to whisky.

# Your work is very much centred around finding new ways of enjoying spirits yet at the same time you devote a lot of space in your book An Odyssey of Malt, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies to history. How important is the history and tradition to Scotch whisky?

I think that history is simply another way that we can appreciate the value of whisky. Understanding where a product has come from, how geography has conspired with economic and socio-political events to have shaped its flavour, who the people were that made it, and how a distillery has evolved over the years. These things add value to a product and hopefully give us a reason to pause and reflect when we're enjoying a glass.

### What does Scotch whisky mean to you?

I consider myself an amateur historian and scientist. Whisky combines both of those passions perfectly and not only that, it tastes delicious too!

# The history of Scotch whisky has had its ups and downs over the years. How do you see the future for Scotch in the next 10-15 years?

Besides that which I have already mentioned, I see Scotch continuing its return back in to mixed drinks. When I first began bartending, I rarely made scotch cocktails and by request of the guest I would typically would only mix it with soda or ginger. We are now seeing a much welcomed return of the whisky highball, which has inspired bartenders to riff new and ingenious variants. Single malt whisky is no longer so sacrosanct that we can't mix it and as result there are some incredible malt whisky cocktails being turned out of the top bars. I think that scotch, with its Scottish provenance, depth and breadth of flavours, and rich histoy, has the potential rise up as the next big mixing spirit...in the UK at least.

